



STATE OF WISCONSIN
Division of Hearings and Appeals

In the Matter of



DECISION

MDD/143713

PRELIMINARY RECITALS

Pursuant to a petition filed July 25, 2012, under Wis. Stat., §49.45(5), to review a decision by the Disability Determination Bureau (DDB) to deny disability for Medical Assistance (MA) purposes, a hearing was held on October 3, 2012, by telephone.

The issue for determination is whether petitioner is disabled.

PARTIES IN INTEREST:

Petitioner:



Respondent:

Department of Health Services
1 West Wilson Street, Room 651
Madison, Wisconsin 53703
By: No Appearance

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE:

Brian C. Schneider
Division of Hearings and Appeals

FINDINGS OF FACT

1. Petitioner is a 21-year-old resident of Brown County.
2. Petitioner applied for MA on March 9, 2012. By a letter dated June 29, 2012, the DDB determined that petitioner was not disabled. Petitioner sought reconsideration, but the DDB affirmed the determination on September 5, 2012.
3. For the past two years petitioner has had problems with spontaneous collapsed lungs in both lungs. He had surgery on his left lung, but then started to have similar problems with his right lung. The problems have been resolved either on their own or with medical treatment.
4. Petitioner also suffers from anxiety and depression, but neither are so severe enough to be debilitating.

5. Petitioner graduated from high school. He has no work history other than some part time work.

DISCUSSION

To be eligible for MA, an adult male under age 65 must be disabled, blind, or the caretaker of minor children. Wis. Stat., §§49.46(1) and 49.47(4). To qualify as disabled, a person must meet the definition of that term as it is used for SSI purposes. Wis. Stat., §49.47(4)(a)4.

The applicable SSI disability standards are found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 20, Part 416, Subpart I, and by reference Appendices 1 and 2, Subpart P, Part 404. Specifically, to be disabled means to be unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity because of a medically determinable physical or mental condition which will, or has, lasted at least twelve months. To determine if this definition is met, the applicant's current employment status, the severity of his medical condition, and his ability to return to vocationally relevant past work or to adapt to new forms of employment are evaluated in that sequence. 20 C.F.R. §§416.905 and 416.920.

The SSI regulations require a five-step process. First, if the person is working at a job that is considered to be substantial gainful employment, he is found to be not disabled without further review. If he is not working, the DDB must determine if he has a "severe impairment." A severe impairment is one that limits a person's ability to do basic work activities. 20 C.F.R. §416.921. The DDB found that petitioner is not working and that he has a severe impairment.

The third step is to determine if the impairment meets or equals a listed impairment found at Appendix 1, Subpart P, Part 404. The listings are impairments that are disabling without additional review. 20 C.F.R. §416.925(a). The DDB found that petitioner meets or equals no listing. I agree. To meet a listing for lung disease the person must have a chronic problem despite treatment with specific test results. There is nothing in the record suggesting that petitioner meets those requirements.

The fourth and fifth steps occur if the impairments do not meet the listings. The DDB must determine whether the person is able to perform past jobs. If not, then the agency must determine if the person can do any other types of work in the society that would be considered substantial gainful activity. 20 C.F.R. §416.960. The DDB determined that petitioner could not fully perform past work, but could perform other work.

The DDB found that physically petitioner was capable of doing light level work. Light level work means frequent carrying of objects up to 10 pounds and occasional carrying of objects up to 20 pounds. 20 C.F.R. §416.967. The DDB cited Rule 202.20, which is found at Appendix 2 at 20 C.F.R., Part 404, Subpart P. Rule 202.20 provides that a person of petitioner's age and training who is able to do light work is by definition not disabled.

The problem for petitioner is that even if he were limited to sedentary work, the lowest level, he still would be found not disabled. Sedentary work involves lifting no more than ten pounds with frequent lifting of small articles. 20 C.F.R. §416.967(a). A certain amount of walking and standing can be involved in sedentary work. A person of petitioner's age and training who is able to do only sedentary work is not disabled. Rule 201.27.

Petitioner is able to do at least sedentary work. For the most part he is asymptomatic, and certainly during those times he is capable of work. His illness certainly requires treatment, but it is not disabling as defined by SSI standards.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Petitioner is not disabled as required for MA eligibility.

THEREFORE, it is ORDERED

That the petition for review herein be and the same is hereby dismissed.

REQUEST FOR A REHEARING

This is a final administrative decision. If you think this decision is based on a serious mistake in the facts or the law, you may request a rehearing. You may also ask for a rehearing if you have found new evidence which would change the decision. Your request must explain what mistake the Administrative Law Judge made and why it is important or you must describe your new evidence and tell why you did not have it at your first hearing. If you do not explain these things, your request will have to be denied.

To ask for a rehearing, send a written request to the Division of Hearings and Appeals, P.O. Box 7875, Madison, WI 53707-7875. Send a copy of your request to the other people named in this decision as "PARTIES IN INTEREST." Your request for a rehearing must be received no later than 20 days after the date of the decision. Late requests cannot be granted.

The process for asking for a rehearing is in Wis. Stat. § 227.49. A copy of the statutes can be found at your local library or courthouse.

APPEAL TO COURT

You may also appeal this decision to Circuit Court in the county where you live. Appeals must be filed with the appropriate court no more than 30 days after the date of this hearing decision (or 30 days after a denial of rehearing, if you ask for one).

For purposes of appeal to circuit court, the Respondent in this matter is the Department of Health Services. After filing the appeal with the appropriate court, it must be served on the Secretary of that Department, either personally or by certified mail. The address of the Department is: 1 West Wilson Street, Room 651, Madison, Wisconsin 53703. A copy should also be sent to the Division of Hearings and Appeals, 5005 University Avenue, Suite 201, Madison, WI 53705-5400.

The appeal must also be served on the other "PARTIES IN INTEREST" named in this decision. The process for appeals to the Circuit Court is in Wis. Stat. §§ 227.52 and 227.53.

Given under my hand at the City of Madison,
Wisconsin, this 10th day of October, 2012

Brian C. Schneider
Administrative Law Judge
Division of Hearings and Appeals

c: Brown County Human Services - email
Department of Health Services - email
Sarah Samsa, HRS ERASE - email



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The preceding decision was sent to the following parties on October 10, 2012.

Brown County Human Services
Disability Determination Bureau
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